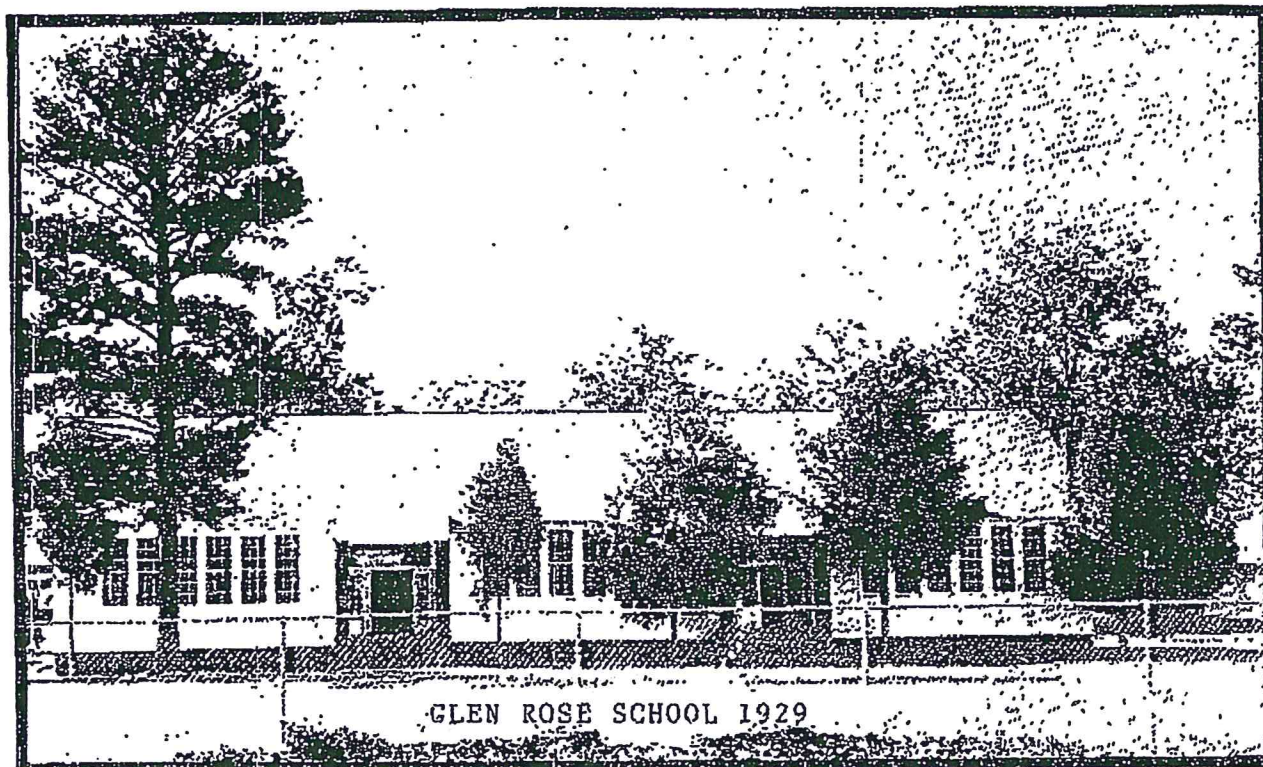


GLEN ROSE SCHOOL - 1929



Glen Rose School is located about half-way between Benton and Malvern on Highway 67 and is about 2.5 miles from Interstate 30. The district is made up of approximately 101 square miles.

Between 1880 and 1890 the area that is now Glen Rose School District contained three one-room schools. They were Bluff Springs, The Ridge School and a school held in Fairplay Baptist Church. Those schools were located in the more densely populated areas. Each school provided instruction for eight grades. Other one and two room schools during this period of time were:

- POINT VIEW - Located opposite Point View Methodist Church.
- MT. GROVE - Located on the Old Military Road.
- BUG SCUFFLE - Located on the Harris Tuggle Place.
- OWL HOLLOW - Located in the Jones & Cash Community.
- OAK GROVE - Where Bill Doddridge used to live. Another Doddridge has a home at this site now.
- BOX SPRINGS - Located on the Ted Kirkpatrick place. Charles and Kenneth live at this location now.

BECKER - Located below the old Johnny Houpt place.
 CENTRAL - Located where Tiny and Beatrice Gill now live.
 REYBURN - Located in the Reyburn Community.
 DIAMOND RIDGE - Located on Hwy. 67 near the old Rock Island Railroad.

In later years Gifford and Traskwood were consolidated with Glen Rose.

In 1908 a new school was started at a site on Military Road and was completed in 1910. Shortly after, three other schools named Oak Grove, Diamond Ridge and Reyburn were added.

Because geographic locations were inadequately served by the present situation, in 1910 patrons petitioned the Hot Spring County Board of Education to grant permission to establish a new school to be named Owl Hollow. The board then built a new school named Shady Grove as a part of this same petition.

(The following information was taken directly from the school board minutes of Mr. C.H. White, Hugh White's father. Alene White graciously supplied the information that was legible enough for her to read.)

On September 10, 1927, H.K. Allen, C.H. White, George Clardy, W.C. White, C.L. Jones, and E.D. Keisler met for the purpose of consolidating six (6) schools into one. These were Central, Reyburn, Oak Grove, Mt. Grove, Diamond Ridge, and Shady Grove.

On September 24, 1927, the six met and elected E.D. Keisler chairman for the purpose of buying land for a new school building. One acre was bought from H. Carpenter and one acre was bought from C.T. Jenkins, (JoAnn Corley's grandfather) for the price of \$100.00 each. Said land being west of Hwy. 67 to Hwy. west near Lige Stiles place. (This location is where the high school building is located).

October 1, 1927 said school board met on the foresaid land bought to measure land, which we did with the understanding that the foresaid district #3 furnish transportation by buses to be bought by July 1, 1928. Also house work to begin. (Construction of new school building)

On February 17, 1928, we the school board met at Professor Tackett's office to close contracts for the new building. Contractor to be W.T. Daniel for the sum of \$1,598.00 with all material put on the ground by the district.

The following teachers were hired: Steve Thomas, Myrtle Moore, Eluid Keisler, and Ludia Floyd. (Ludia Floyd, for reasons unknown, did not teach that year and Roy Cathcart was hired).

The first weeks building expenses were \$468.45; second week \$275.40; third week \$229.00. By April 28, 1928 \$1,295.00 had been spent. (End of Minutes)

The first classes were held in the new building in 1928. It was made up

of only four rooms at first and two more rooms were built on later.

The first superintendent was Bruce Foreman. The first graduating class was in 1937.

Other early school board members were: Lum Taylor, G.M. Kirkpatrick, and Filmore Burns.

Two of the theories that exist as to how the school was named are: (One) A salesman called on the school, he ask what the name was and was told that it had not yet been named. He suggested Glen Rose because of the many wild roses that were on the school ground at that time and he thought the area looked like it was located in a small "glen" or valley -- thus Glen Rose.

Another theory is that it was named after the Head Coach, Glen Rose, of the University of Arkansas.

The campus now in 1987 consists of approximately 38 acres. Facilities include a High School Building, Two Elementary Buildings, Gymnasium, Fine Arts Building, Special Education Building, Bus and Maintenance Building, and a modern Football Stadium.

The district kindergarten classes are located in the Gifford Building.
